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CONCEPTUAL STUDY ON EFFECT OF ELA IN VISHAJANYA ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION W.S.R. TO URTICARIA

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ABSTRACT

According to Ayurveda Visha means the substance which causes Vishada (sorrow, depression). Drugs which act against toxic substances are called as Vishaghna (Antitoxic). Acharya Charaka had described ten drugs having anti-toxic property in Vishaghna Mahakashaya. It includes Haridra (Curcuma longa), Manjishtha (Rubia Cardifolia), Suvaha (Pluchea Lanceolata), Sukshma Ela (Elettaria Cardamomum), Palindee (Operculina Turpethum), Chandan (Santalum Album), Kataka (Strychnos Potatorum), Shireesh (Albizzia lebbeck), Sinduvara (Vitex Nigundo), and Shlemantaka (Cordia Dichotoma). Sukshma Ela is one of them. The main objective of this article is to discuss the pharmacological properties and therapeutic uses of Sukshma Ela on allergic skin reactions i.e. Urticaria. This article highlights on those pharmacological properties of Ela which can be used in various allergic skin reactions i.e. Urticaria.

KEYWORDS – Vishada, Vishaghna, Urticaria

INTRODUCTION

Allergy is one of the four forms of hypersensitivity. In Ayurveda manifestation is under the concept of Satmya- Asatmyata. It occurs due to exposure of Asatmya Ahaar-Vihaar and contact with different poisonous materials (allergens). 1. There are types of allergic reactions; skin Eczema (atopic dermatitis), allergic contact dermatitis (rash where allergen touched the skin), Urticaria (hives) and angioedema (swelling).² Symptoms of allergic skin reaction are mentioned as Kotha in Brihatrayi. Madhavakara separated this disease under the title Sheetapitta-Udarda- Kotha.³ Exposure to cold wind leads to vitiation of Kapha and Vata Dosha which combines to Prakopit Pitta and results into impurities of blood.4 The common symptoms of eczema is dry, red, irritated and itchy skin.⁵ Urticaria is recurrent, transient, cutaneous swelling with erythema which resolves within 24 hours without leaving any sign.⁶ Contact dermatitis is a reaction that appears when the skin comes in contact with irritant (like soaps, detergents, shampoo or metals like nickel, etc.) or an allergen.⁷ Symptoms can include a rash, blisters, itching and burning. Angioedema is painless swelling beneath the skin or mucosa, triggered by an allergy to pollen grains, drugs, venom, food or medication.

PATHOGENESIS (SAMPRAPTI) OF SHEETAPITTA-UDARDA-KOTHA

Madhavakara in Madhava Nidan has described the Samprapti of Sheetapitta-Udarda-Kotha. Due to exposure to cold or suppression of natural urges causes vitiation of Kapha Dosha and Vata Dosha. Due to Pitta Prakopak Aahara and lifestyle, Pitta Dosha gets vitiated. This Prakopit Pitta Dosha along with Vata Dosha and Kapha Dosha spreads all over and results into formation of Mandal on the body and thus (erythema) resulting into Sheetapitta. In Sheetapitta, Vata Dosha Prakopa is more and in Udarda, Kapha Dosha Prakopa is more.8 Charakacharya explained Vishaghna Mahakashaya which includes Vishaghna Dravya. It includes Haridra (Curcuma longa), Manjishtha (Rubia Cardifolia), Suvaha (Pluchea Lanceolata), Sukshma Ela (Elettaria Cardamomum), Palindee (Operculina Turpethum), Chandan (Santalum Album), Kataka (Strychnos Potatorum), Shireesha (Albizzia lebbeck), Sinduvara (Vitex Nigundo), and Shlemantaka (Cordia Dichotoma). Dravya which acts against the qualities (Guna) of Visha are called as Vishaghna Dravya. Laghu, Ruksha, Aashu, Vishada, Vyavayi, Tikshna, Vikasi, Sukshma, Ushna, Anirdeshyarasa are ten Guna of Visha, Vishaghna Dravya in Mahakashaya work due to their Rasapanchak which are antagonist to Visha and helps in treating diseases. These Dravya are helpful in treating allergic skin diseases produced due to various Satmya-Asatmya Aahar, Vihar, and Dushivisha and also due to contact or external application or due to bite of insect, spider, etc. Sukshma Ela is one of the Dravya in Vishaghna Mahakashaya.

SUKSHMA ELA9

LATIN NAME - Elettaria cardamomum

FAMILY - Zingiberaceae

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RASA (TASTE) – Katu, Madhura

VIRYA (POTENCY) - Sheeta

VIPAKA (TASTE AFTER DIGESTION) – Madhura

PARYAYA -

Dravidi, Chandrabhaga, Triputa, Endri, Kapotvarni, Bahulgandha, Nishkuti, Gaurangi, etc.

GUNA (QUALITY) – Laghu, Sheeta, Snigdha, Sugandhi

KARMA (ACTION) 10 -

Tridoshahar, Dahashamak, Raktapittashamak, Mukhshodhak Daurgandhyanashak, Anuloman Deepan , Pachana

CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS ¹¹ - Seeds contain fixed oil, essential oil. Principal constituents of the oil are cineol, terpineol, terpinene, limonene, subinone and terpineol in the form of formic and acetic acid.

PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTION OF ELA ACCORDING TO AYURVEDA ANNAVAHA AND PURISHVAHA SROTAS 12-

It is mouth freshener and mouth cleaner due to Katu Rasa. It can be use in various diseases of mouth, Kapha Pittaj Hrillasa, Aruchi, Agnimandya, Udarshula and Arsha. It has Deepan and Pachana property due to Katu Rasa, Anuloman of Udana, Apana and Samana Vayu due to

Snigdha Guna. Ela Phanta or Hima can be used in Pittaj Chhardi due to Sheeta Virya, Madhura Rasa and Sugandhi Guna. Also useful in Raktajaarsha as it is Dahashamak.

PRANAVAHA SROTAS 13-

Ela in powder form can be used in Shwasa-Kasa as it removes Kaphastyanta by its Snigdha Guna. It destroys Kapha by its Sukshma Guna.it is Kasaghna and Balya in Kshaya Also effective in lungs diseases.

RASA AND RAKTAVAHA SROTAS 14 -

Useful as Hritdaurbalya as it is Hridya also uses in Jwara Daha and Raktapitta due its Pittashamak property and Sheeta Virya.

MAJJAVAHA SROTAS¹⁵

Its decoction can be use with milk, ghee and sugar for Vataprakopa and headache caused by Majjakshaya.

MUTRAVAHA SROTAS 16-

It has diuretic (Mutrajanan) action, so uses in Kaphaj Mutrakriccha. Mutrajanan occurs due to Sheeta Virya, hence should be use with milk and sugar in Bastidaha and Shoola to increase amount of Urine.

SHUKRAVAHA SROTAS¹⁷

It is Shukravriddhikara due to its Madhura Vipaka and Sheeta Virya.



Classification of Ela (Elettaria cardamomum) as per different Ayurvedic literature

Classical text	Category (Gana)
Charaka Samhita	Vishaghna Mahakashaya,
	Katukskandha,
	Shwasahara Gana,
	Angamardaprashamana
	Gana.
Sushruta Samhita	Eladi Gana, Pipplyadi
	Gana, Mustadi Gana
Ashtang Hriday	Eladi Gana,
	Shirovirechanadi Gana,
	Anjanadi Gana,
	Vatsakadi Gana.
Bhavprakash Nighantu	Karpuradi Varga
Dhanwantari Nighantu	Shatapushpadi
	Nighantu.

ACCORDING TO VAGBHAT

Acharya Vagbhat in Ashtang Hriday mentioned Ela in Eladi, Shirovirechanadi, Anjanadi, Vatsakadi and Mustadi Gana. **ELADI GANA**

Ela is mentioned in Eladi Gana which mitigates Vata, Kapha and Poison. Also it acts as a

Varnaprasadan, cures itching, petichae and rashes.¹⁸

PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES OF *ELA*ACCORDING TO MODERN ANTIOXIDANT –

Cardamomum is strongly antioxidant plant due to its phenolics, flavonoids and proanthocyanidins contents. Phenolic compounds present in the cardamomum reveals the antioxidant property. ¹⁹

ANTI-MICROBIAL -

Cardamomum essential oil is effective

against Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella typhi, Candida albicans and Streptococci mutant²⁰

ANTI-BACTERIAL -

Both cardamom fruit and seeds extract have antibacterial effect against aggregatibactor,

actinomycetemcomitans, fusobacterium nucleatum, Porphyromonas gingivitis, and Prevotella intermedia. ²¹

ANTI-FUNGAL -

Study on cardamom showed that essential oil effective against candida albicans.²²

DISCUSSION

Elettaria Cardamom is a Katu-Madhura Rasatmak, Madhura Vipaka and Sheeta Viryatmak medicinal plant. It has good antioxidant, anti-inflammatory and

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antifungal property. In Sheetapitta and Udarda, there is Prakopa of Pitta along with Vata and Kapha Prakopa. This medicine suppress the Pitta, due to its Sheeta Virya and Madhura Vipaka,. Acharya Vagbhat in Ashtang Hriday mentioned that Cardamomum supresses the Prakopit Vata and Kapha.²³ In this way it breaks the pathogenesis of allergic skin disorders i.e.; Sheetapitta-Udarda-Kotha and it avoids further appearance symptoms like itching, Erythema (Mandal) on skin. In case of Kotha, Pitta-Kapha Dosha elevates and it leads into Pitta Kshobha of and Kapha. Cardamomum, suppress the Pitta due its Sheet Virya and Madhura Vipaka. E. Cardamom is a blood purifier as it is rich source of Vit.B2 and Vit.C. In this way E. Cardamomum cures Raktadushti which etiological factor in Kotha. In any skin disease, there is Dushti of Rasa and Rakta. In this way, it breaks the pathogenesis of allergic skin diseases i.e.; Urticaria. Due to Vaman suppression of Mithyayoga of Vaman, Pitta and Kapha Dosha elevates in the Amashaya, later on it leads to Raktadushti. This Dosha spreads all over the body resulting into itching, erythema and burning sensation on skin, thus resulting into Kotha.

CONCLUSION

From above discussion, we can conclude that *Elettaria Cardamom* is able to break the pathogenesis of allergic skin disorders. In present article, knowledge on therapeutic pharmacological and medicinal application of this plant has been collected. By using this knowledge, researcher can further do exploration of pharmacological activities of *Elettaria*

cardamomum and can use it as Ayurvedic single drug therapy for allergic skin disorders in Urticaria.

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